A Tariff for Revenue Only.

We promised vesterday to reply this morning to the comments in the State of Thursday afternoon upon a certain remark of ours on the subject of the tariff and the Virginia Democrats. After examining the State's paragraph more carefully, however, we are not sure that any further reply is needed than to call the State's attention to the fact that there is a vast difference between "a revenue tariff" and "a tariff for revenue only." We agree that the Democrats of Virginia are all in favor of "a revenue tariff," but we also firmly be-Heve that nine-tenths of them are opposed have the Democrats of Virginia in State-Convention assembled, resolved that they favor a tariff, not for revenue only, but a tariff for revenue limited to the necessities of the Government economically administered, and so adjusted-mind you, not so adjusted as to produce the most revenuebut so adjusted in its application as to prevent unequal burthens, "encourage pro-ductive interests at home," &c., &c. "A tariff for revenue only" can never accomplish these results.

Let us say that in the same issue of the to which our neighbor took exception we said that the words of the St. Louis platform-" we demand that all custom-house taxation shall be for revenue"--were not calculated to lead to a discussion of the ta.iff question-showing that even when penuing the article claiming that the Demoerats of Virginia were opposed to "a tariff for revenue only," we drew a line of distinction between a "revenue tariff" and "a tariff for revenue only." We oppose the one. We favor the other. We stand upon the platform of Virginia, Ohio, New Jersey, West Virginia, and Pennsylvania,-twice endorsed by the Democrats of Virginia. So does the State. What, then, is there to dispute about in this connection? Nothing, we hope. That is, we hope that the State agrees with us, not only in supporting the Lynchburg and Richmond platform, but in being opposed to "a tariff for revenue only." We know it does, if its definition of such a tariff is the same as ours. We will explain. "A revenue tariff" is a tariff that is so

revenue may be needed to support the ness, or industry, or section, but to benefit all businesses and industries and sections. "A tariff for revenue only" is a tariff so revenue without regard to its effects upon | did the "rebuke" consist? Read: business, or manufactures, or industries of any sort, or sections. A tariff for reveque only would admit manufactured tobacco into Virginia. It would be low enough to let the tobacco in, otherwise there would be no revenue from tobacco. At present the tariff is fifty cents per pound, and the Government derives no revenue from manufactured tobacco. If we must look to "revenue only," we must change the law, and make the tariff so low that the article will come in and so pay a tax to the Government. Thus would all the tobacco factories in Virginia be closed. So as to peanuts. So as to sumac. So as to sugar. The tax must be put at the point which will yield the largest revenue. Instead of two cents upon sugar, that point might be four or five or even

lions or more. "A tariff for revenue only" discriminates against articles produced largely in this country for the reason, as stated by its advocates, that to levy a tariff yielding a large revenue upon articles produced in this country is to add to the price of the articles produced in this country and thus put more money into the pockets of "mcnopolists," and "loom-lords," and such like persons, than into the treasury of the United States. But that is not all-"A tariff for revenue only" should, for

millions of dollars a year from sugar the

Government might collect a hundred mil

the reason just given-the reason being the one given by the advocates of such a tariff-be levied as largely as possible upon coffee, tea, and other articles not produced in this country. Thus all the money goes into the Treasury of the United States. It is a clear case that no American monopolist can ever benefit by a tariff upon coffee and tea. These articles pay no duty now, but under a tariff levied really "for revenue only" coffee and tea would have to be taxed at the price which would yield the most revenue. No other object could be regarded.

But we need not pursue this view of the subject. Our neighbor is familiar with it. We propose to show what sort of tariff we advocate.

In his first annual message, sent to Con-Jackson thus expressed himself:

1830, in the course of a lengthened discussion of the then existing tariff, which had been objected to as unconstitutional because it was protective, General Jackson stated the principle of the subject, as fol-

white the chief object of duties should be revenue, they should be so adjusted as to encourage manufactures. In this adjustment, however, it is the duty of the Government to be guided by the general good. Objects of national importance alone ought to be protected; of these the productions of our soil, our mines, and our workshops, essential to the national defence, occupy the first rank. Whatever other species of domestic industry, having the importance to which I have referred, may be expected after temporary protection to compete with foreign labor on equal terms, merit the same attention in a subordinate degree."

Next, in this third annual message of December 6, 1831, we find the same idea:

"A modification of the tariff which shall produce a reduction of our revenue to the wants of the Government and an adjustment of the duties on imports with a view to equal justice in relation to all our national interests and io the counteraction of foreign policy, so far as it may be injurious to those interests, is deemed to be one of the principal objects which demand the consideration of the present Congress."

This last reads as if it had served as the mode! upon which the Virginia, Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and New Jersey platforms were constructed. We would not object to substituting General Jackson's platform for the Lynchburg

In his message to Congress in December, 1806, President Jefferson, after recommending the abolition of some special

Shall we suppress the impost (tariff), and give advantage to foreign over domestic manu-urers? On a few articles of more general and samy use, the suppress on, in due cesson, will stess be right; but the great mass of the arti-ou which impost [tariff] is paid are foreign tries, purchased by those only who are rich gh to afford themselves the use of them, r patriotism would certainly prefer its con-ance and application to the great purposes of

the public education, roads, vives, canals, and other objects of public improvement."

Note here what Mr. JEFFERSON favored putlic education, roads, rivers, canals,

Let us return to Old Hickory : Let us return to Old Hickory:

"The States have delegated their whole authority were imports to the General Government without imitation or restriction. This authority having his entirely passed from the States, the right to exercise it for the purpose of protection does not xist in them, and, consequently, if it be not possessed by the General Government it must be exceed by the General Government it must be exceed. Our political system would thus present he anomaly of a people stripped of the right to oster their own industry, and to counteract the nost selfsh and destructive policy which mignise adopted by foreign nations. This, surely, can to the the case. This indispensable power, thus urremored by the States, must be within the cope, of the authority expressly delegated to ongress."

We could quote column after column to prove that neither the Democratic party nor the great leaders and statesmen of the Democratic party ever favored " a tariff for revenue only." When, therefore, our neighbor finds us speaking of a tariff of to "a tariff for revenue only." Twice that sort he will understand that we do not mean "a revenue tariff," but just the kind of tariff we have herein described as a "tariff for revenue only."

One Third.

It is possible that not more than one third of the Democrats of Virginia would acknowledge that they are in favor of a protective tariff, so called. There is a good deal of disposition shown to favor the thing rather than the name. Mr. RANDALL is generally considered the leader of such Democrats. Now, it cannot be too often Disputch in which occurred the paragraph repeated that Mr. RANDALL denies the power of Congress to pass a law having protection for its main object. He holds that the protection must be incidental. It seems to us, therefore, that if all the Democrats in Virginia who favor incidental protection are Randallites, his following in Virginia must constitute more than one third of the Democratic party.

But we set out to say that we are not concerned as to the exact proportion of the Virginia Democrats who may be classed as incidental-protectionists. The point is that they are so numerous that they. cannot safely be expelled from the party. the whites will kiss the hand that struck at Surely they are a long-suffering set of patriots. The abuse that WATTERSON and of the last canvass and yesterday's elechis tribe heap upon them day after day seems, however, not in the least to dampen their zeal in the cause of good government, Mr. RANDALL came to the front as usual when on Thursday last the Democrats were engaged in a contest with the Republicans-a contest this time for a seat in the

Another Rebuke.

laid as to produce whatever amount of The Washington Post gravely announces that Mr. RANDALL has been "rebuked" in Government, but laid if possible in such a his own district for his tariff notions-a manner as not only not to injure any busi- district that has for more than twenty years elected him to Congress because of his tariff notions, and which will next November once more reëlect him unanimously; laid as to produce the greatest amount of that is, without opposition. But in what

Resolved. That we express our unquelified op-position to the present system of tariff taxation as an injust and oppressive burden put upon the labor and living of the people, while fostering monopolies and raising unnecessary surplus reve-nue to be a temptation to corrupt and extravagant expenditure.

That's good doctrine! Mr. RANDALL would probably endorse it. Read again: Resolved. That the true Democratic doctrine upon this subject is that the Government ought not and has no right to tax the people one dollar more than is necessary to raise the revenue necessary to conduct its affairs; that there is no constitutional warrant for a tariff levied for any other purpose, and that every dollar levied in excess of the necessities of the public expense is an unjust and illegal exaction.

That's good doctrine, too. What next? Resolved, That we are opposed to removing the Ab, there's the rebuke. But, fortunately or or unfortunately, it is a "rebuke" to the whole Democratic party of Virginia, West Virginia, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, more cents, and instead of collecting fifty and Ohio! That's a "rebuke" sure

Too Thin.

enough.

The New York Tribune has out-Heroded all the Herops of protection. It seriously announces in its editorial columns that the defeat of the Morrison bill "has been felt instantly in the improved condition and prospects of labor." It adds :

prospects of labor." It adds:

"The great depression of prices, crused in part
by the offering of the Morrison bill, not only
forced many works to close, but compelled the
manufacturers generally to consider a reduction
of wages as necessary."

"The Morrison bill was beaten. That very night
one of the leading manufacturers announced to
others that, under the changed circumstances, he
should not be willing to insist upon the reduction
of wages; he fell sure that the certainty of unchanged duties would give more life to the market,
secure larger orders, and presently bring better
prices."

secure larger orders, and presently bring better prices."

"The manufacturers could not afford to pay present wages if the markets were to continue supersessed by free-trade revisions of tariff or raids upon industry. But they consent to the present wages as soon as the dauger of Democratic mischief-making is out of the way. Every vote to kill the Morrison bill was a vote to save workers and employers the cost of a long period of suspension. Assuming that the strike, had one begun, would have lasted six months, and kept about one hundred thousand men in ideness, the votes in the House to kill the bill saved to the workingmen at least \$20,000.00c."

Which we support as showing the line of

Which we submit as showing the line of argument that would have been the fashion now if the Morrison bill had not been defeated-not as endorsing the Tribune's assertions.

As to Mr. RANDALL and the panic, we will say that we gave him credit for the defeat of the Morrison bill and consequently for having saved the Democratic party from gress on December 8, 1829, President the harm which would have resulted to tion and Festival next week are complete, can Baptist Publication Society. Edward Dr. Hogg at 11 A. M. and 5 P. M. that party had the recent panic followed immediately upon a vote of the House of Representatives showing a determination. The Festival is a State affair, and will be a grand event. The "The general rule is be applied in graduating the duties upon articles of foreign growth or manufacture is that which will place our own in fair competition with those of other countries; and the inducements to dvance even a step be your distribution for manufacture is that which are of primary necessity in time of war."

The general rule is be applied in graduating immediately upon a vote of the House of manufacture is that which will place our own in fair competition with those of other countries; and the inducements to dvance even a step be your distribution. The festival is a State affair, and will be a grand event. The next festival will probably be held in Richmond. The Academy of Music is to be very handsomely decorated through-anti-less which are of primary necessity in time of the House of in the Convention. The Festival is a State affair, and will be a grand event. The next festival will probably be held in Richmond. The Academy of Music is to be very handsomely decorated through-anti-less which are on primary necessity in time of the House of in the Convention. The Festival is a State affair, and will be a grand event. The next festival will probably be held in Richmond. The Academy of Music is to be very handsomely decorated through-anti-less which are of primary necessity in time of the House of in the Convention. The Festival is a State affair, and will be a grand event. The next festival will probably be held in Richmond. The Academy of Music is to be very handsomely decorated through-anti-less which are of primary necessitive in the duties of the House of the Ho der a real service to the Democratic party, he is entitled to his opinion.

> We are glad that Governor Cameron was in Danville on election day. He is now thoroughly prepared to testify as to the manner in which the election of Thursday was conducted, and knows that there was a quiet, peaceable expression of the will of the people. It was the only way in which affair.

The World: The insertion of the word "only" in my dispatch of the 11th is causing considerable heated discussion among the Democratic factions in this State, and will hardly be productive of good. If the State Convention makes a declaration on the tariff question—and I think it will—it will be for "a tariff for revenue," not "revenue only." Apparently the effect is the same; in reality there is a wide difference. Yours, &c. W. J. JACKMAN. Omaha, May 17.

The addition of the word "only." makes

THROUGH THE STATE.

DANVILLE.

The New Town Government-Some Not About the Election-The Prospect.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.] The following are the officers electe The following are the officers elected yesterday: W. P. Graves, Mayor; James Wood, Sergeant: Commonwealth's Attorney, Henry E. Barksdale; Aldermen: T. R. McDearman, W. B. Watson, James B. Pace, Sr.; Councilmen: E. J. Beckner, D. A. Overbey, E. G. Moscley, J. T. Averett, C. H. Conrad, R. C. Herndon, E. S. Arnett, J. W. Scott, Albert Gerst, J. D.

Averett, C. H. Conrad, R. C. Herndon, E. S. Arnett, J. W. Scott, Albert Gerst, J. D. Blair, P. C. Venable, Charles Orchard.

It is to be noted that the Republicans held back their ticket till yesterday morning, and then, with J. H. Johnston at the head of it and two colored men and two or three white Republicans down below, put on a number of true him Democrats. put on a number of true-blue Democrats. Some of these Democrats were on both tickets and were voted for by both parties; the others proglaimed at once that they would not accept office at the bands of that party. It is to be noted, too, that Johnston did not have the very active help of some who had been with him. Postmaster Wheeler was not in town, the most adroit of all the wire-pullers; F. E. Marks, of the internal revenue office not known as an active politician, however, though a wise counsellor, was not in town-he will go with his chief to Roanoke city; J. J. Verser, of the internal revenue office so some of the judges say, voted the Demo-eratic ticket minus the scratch of one name; Walter Withers, the colored ex-policeman, who volunteered testimony for the Committee of Forty, and swore to Sherman afterwards that the committee had

aitered his statements, voted, so the judges say, the Democratic ticket straight.

And now the factory-whistle calls the colored man to work, and he will have his schools, and his churches, and his societies and that perfect personal safety which the law allows; but he will not be expected to say that he "would give the white man a good government if the white man would let him do so." Put "for man would let him do so." But if any set of men, white or black, I ersist in an attempt to array the colored men of the city against the whites, then it will not be expected that them. That, I believe, was the teaching

It might be improper to quote the many pleasant things said by Governor Cameron yesterday. There was a general regret that he did not spend the night here. Captain Graves took him out riding, and arrangements were made to give him a call by people generally last night. I thought he was somewhat amazed when his atten-tion was called to a line of pasteboard soldiers which the young men had put up on Main street, and the remark was made that they were sufficient for the preservation of peace and good order.

ALPHA.

PETERSBURG AND VICINITY. The Election-The Deed of the Planters and Mechanics Bank, &c.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.] PETERSBURG, May 23, 1884. The total registered vote of this city is 1,900; the total vote yesterday was 4,531being within 369 of the registration. The Republican vote was 2,788; the Democratic, 1,743. Of the registered voters 2 567 are colored, and the colored people almost entirely voted the Republican ticket.

The majorities for the general Republican ticket range from 1,000 to 1,045. They carry five of the six wards, one ward only—the Fourth—remaining true to Democracy. The Republicans elect ten councilmen and the Democrats two. Six Republicas and six Democrats hold over in the Council for two years longer. The resuit of yesterday's election will give the Republicans sixteen of the twenty-four councilmen after the 1st of July, or a two-thirds vote in that body; and to give them entire cortrol of municipal affairs.

It is curious to note that while the ne-

groes constitute the great body of the Re-publican voters of the city, yet every colored man on the ticket wss considerably nation continued. behind his white confreres.

day, and voted in the Fourth ward. left as soon as he deposited his ballot. by a large crowd late last night. He spoke briefly, and referred to the victory in Petersburg as the precursor of a more glori-

ous Republican victory in November.

The deed of the Planters and Mechanics Bank, which has been recorded in the clerk's office here, gives discretionary powers to the trustees-Messrs, W. B. McIl-waine and Robert Gilliam-to whom have been assigned all the assets of the bank of every description (real, personal, and mix-The assets, when collected, are to be divided pro rata among the creditors, with-

out preference or priority. A meeting of the stockholders and depositors in the bank is to be held to-night had gone to Morristown. to take such steps as may be deemed advi-sable for the protection of their interests. The condition of Mr. R. F. Charles, who fell yesterday from the upper story of the

charged with the murder of John Ditmar, is also very precarious.

The arrangements for the Music Conven vestibule-and the city itself will be decorated in honor of the occasion.

ROBIN ADAIR. WILLIAMSBURG.

The Mahone Ticket Elected by a Reduced Majority.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.] May 23, 1884. The election here vesterday was the most quiet that has been held here for some years, and resulted in a Mahone victory by he could have personal knowledge of the spanier and spanier the spanier of the spanier and spanier the spanier of the spanier the four gentlemen from this place who Society. THE WORD "ONLY."—To the Editor of were recently elected by the Board, the he World: The insertion of the word vote of the asylum, about 50 in number, 'only" in my dispatch of the 11th is causmarched out in squads, and those who did not vote in the morning were sent after in

THE BLUE AND THE GRAY.

The Twenty-eighth New York Regiment in Lexington-Visiting the Graves of Lee and

The Southern Historical Society Papers for May is a good No. The value of this publication cannot well be over-estimated. Rev. J. William Jones, D. D., editor, Richmond, Va.

The death of Salomon Louis Hymans, the distinguished Belgian litterateur and publicist, is announced. He was born May 3, 1829, began his career as an author when only sixteen, and throughout his life was very prolide in many different fields of literature. He was connected with various newspapers, and for the greater part of his life was prominent in politics.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

Lexington, Va., May 23, 1834.

The Twenty-eighth New York volunteers, under command of Colonel E. F. Brown, escorted by the survivors of the Fifth Virginia infantry, arrived here this evening at 12:30 o'clock on a special train from Staunton. They were met at the depot by the Corps of Cadets, under the command of Captain James, and a committee of citizens, who conducted them through the University grounds to the parade-grounds of the Virginia Military Institute, where they witnessed dress-parade by the Corps of Cadets and had an opportunity of making the acquaintance of Old Fanev, Stonewall Jackson's war-horse.

After leaving the parade-ground they marched back to the College campus, where au elegant collation was served under the shade of the trees, and which

was heartly enjoyed by all. The veterans were then conducted to the University chapel, where they saw Valentine's superbifigure of General R. E. Lee. A short but an appropriate address was delivered by Judge Peck, of New York. The next point of interest visited was the grave of Stonewall Jackson. While at the depôt and just before their departure for the Natural Bridge the visitors were addressed by Hon. W. A. Anderson in a speech of broad and liberal sentiments, which was vociferously cheered. The whole affair was a complete success, which our northern friends recognized and appreciated.

NORFOLK.

The Election-Fatal Accident.

The Election—Faint Control [Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, May 23, 1884.

The returns to-day show that Colonel Lamb is reelected Mayor by a majority of the control of the c 59. The Democrats secured three of the local officers and an overwhelming majority

of the Council.

The little daughter of George Hildreth, a furniture-dealer, died to-day from injuries received by overturning a kerosene lamp and setting her clothing on fire.

Virginia Pharmaceutists. The Virginia Pharmaceutical Association elected the following officers for the ensu-

President: W. A. Strother, Lynchburg. First Vice-President: Mr. Stratton,

Second Vice-President : Dr. E. A. Craig hill, Lynchburg.
Third Vice-President: W. D. Hudson Alexandria.
Fourth Yice-President: B. H. Gunnel

Secretary : L. R. Beckwith, Petersburg Corresponding Secretary: T. Roberts Baker, Richmond. Treasurer : T. H. Massie. TO CENTENARY METHODIST

Virginia News Notes.

Wednesday evening, at Alexandria, a little daughter of Policeman Walker was instantly killed by a gate falling upon her. The Farmville Journal says : On Wed-The Farmville Journal says: On Wednesday, just as we were going to press, the fire-bell sounded. The alarm was caused by the burning of the hotel stables. Messrs. Duvall, Robertson & Co., who had guano stored in them, lose about \$1,200. Messrs. Charles Bugg & Son lose about \$200. Though there were several houses near to the fire, all were sayed.

the fire, all were saved. The Marion Patriot and Herald says A little girl about thirty months old, child of Mr. John Anderson, was drowned in the milirace of Judge A. P. Cole's mill, near St. Clair Bottom, Tuesday afternoon. The mother of the child is a sister of Mrs. Cole and Rev. R. B. Boatwright, of Marion. When discovered the child was too far rone for resuscitation.

MRS. GRANT'S INDIGNATION.

she Would Like to Know Why any of He Sons Would Run Away. [New York World.]

Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant was greatly excited last evening when a reporter of the World visited her residence and sent in a request to see General Grant in relation to the rumor that his son Ulysses had gone away. She entered the reception-room in-stead. She was dressed in a black satin dress, open in front, and displaying a white and black striped satin underskirt. She has grown stouter the last few years, and has preserved her youthful appearance Her face was flushed with indignation and her eyes fairly sparkled with excitement. After making an apology that General Grant could not be seen she said:

"It is perfectly shameful that such a ru-mor should be circulated and that it should be published in the papers. Why should my son go to Canada? Why should he be afraid of being arrested? Why should anybody want to arrest him? Is my son a

Tears rose to her eyes as she asked the last question. All her mother-love and pride were touched. She trembled vio-lently as she stood there in the centre of the room, pressing one hand to her bosom and unconsciously extending the other in a pathetic gesture. She conquered her emotion after some minutes, but her indig-

red man on the ticket was considerably nation continued.

"You have the thief under arrest," she her man who has robbed and Rev. Percy G. Elson, will preach at 11 A. M., and Rev. WILLIAM E. HATCHER, D. D., of the and rumed us. It is false and untrue. she added, "that my son Ulysses has run left as soon as he deposited his ballot. He she added, that my by several as the most of the was visited and serenaded at his residence away. He was here this afternoon, and by a large crowd late last night. He spoke took lunch with me at 3 o'clock." "He has moved from the city, has

not?" asked the reporter.
"Yes, because he has lost, has been robbed of everything. He has gone to Morristown, N. J., to obtain a roof to shelter himself and his family. He is too poor to live in the city." Her tones were very sad and mournful as she said this.

"Where is be residing at Morristown? balances; all debts and demands due to said bank; all furniture, fixtures, safes, Wall street all day and will be was in vaults, books, bank-notes, and range. wallts, books, bank-notes, and papers owned by the bank; all mortgages and deeds of trust upon real and personal property held by the bank; all life- and fire-insurance policies owned and held by the bank; all of the bank; all life- and fire-insurance policies owned and held by the bank; also the bank building on Sycamore street.

Mrs. Grant's cheeks were still flushed, and her excitement had not passed away when the reporter withdrew. From other sources it was learned that the young man

Northern Baptist Anniversary—The Publication Society.

A Detroit, Mich., telegram of the 22d engine-house on Bank street, is very criti-cal to-day. His injuries are such as to give little hope of his recovery.

The condition of Mr. Thomas J. Davis,

meetings of four of the societies, whose constituency is largely in the Northern States, occur here this week. The first society to hold its meeting was the Ameri-

Goodman, of Chicago, presided.

The report of the Board showed that the past year had been the most prosperous in the history of the Society. The receipts from all sources were \$582,957, of which To-Morrow. Seats all free. \$131,881 was for the missionary department, an increase of over \$60,000. There were 183 missionaries and secretaries em-ployed, and 136,358 Bibles and Testaments had been distributed. New schools to the

number of 597 had been organized. The Society continued its meetings to-day. John H. Deane, of New York, was elected president. At the morning session Preaching by the Rev. WILLIAM B. McGILVEAY. an address was made by the Rev. O. P. Gifford, of Boston, on the attitude that Baptists should occupy toward the American Bible Society. This was to let that Society alone. The Rev. A. C. Dixon, of Baltimore, delivered an address on the ducking at 11 A.M. and at 8 P. M. All welcome. 35 majority, a Democratic gain over the ties of Baptists, north and south, in relation to the Bible-work of the Publication

A BSOLUTELY PURE.

RRE OO Y Y AA L RRE OO Y AA L R ROO Y AA L

UNDERTAKERS J. BINFORD & SUTHERTAKERS, 724 EAST MAIN STREET, between Seventh and Eighth, have a large assortment of
SHROUDS, WOOD and MKTALLIC CASKETS
CASES, and CLOTH CASKETS, at low prices.
Country and telegraph orders promptly attended
to day or night.

Hon. Godfrey Sichell, member of the Cape Colony, South Africa, Parliament, said in a speech that St. Jacobs Oil, the conqueror of pain, cured him of severe neuralgic pains.

Just drop in at George Bannister's, No. 15 Thirteenth street, and try a plate of Clam-Soup to-day. Then a "Montrose" Julep, put up by George, will make you satisfied with the world. His place is open all night.

MARRIAGES Married, at the residence of the bride's parents on Wedne-day, May 21, 1884, by Rev. J. B. Hut-son, Mr. JOHN B. CLARK and Miss IRENE J. NEWMAN.

Married, in Baltimore city, Md., on the 7th of May, 1884, by Rev. William H. D. Harper, of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church South, DAVID HENRY WHEELER, of Baltimore, to INDIANA JACKSON, of Richmond, Va.

DEATHS.

Died. May 22, 1884, at 10 o'clock P. M., at his residence, on Twenty-eighth street, Mr. JOHN J. McCOULL; aged sixty years.

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the residence.

Died, at her parents' residence. No. 1009 north Seventh street, May 23d. 1884, MABEL OLIVIA, infant daughter of George O. and Bettle M. Browa; aged twenty-one months. Her funeral will take place THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON at 330 o'clock from the residence. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend. Died, May 22, 1884, at twenty minutes to 10 yclock P. M., at his residence, on Williamsburg evenue, CHARLES THROGMORTON; aged fifty-one years.

The funeral will take place THIS (Satorday)
MORNING at 11 o'clock from the Fulton Baptist
church. Friends and acquaintances of the family
respectfully invited to attend.

BENEFIT OF THE YOUNG LADIES' MIS-BROAD-STREET METHODIST CHURCH (corner Broad and Tenth streets).—Rev. A. C. BLEDSOE, the pa-tor, will preach at 11 o'clock A. M. and 8:25 P. M. Morning subject, "The Pight of Infant Children to Baptism and Church-Membership." At night, "The Terrible and the Gentle Phases of the Divine Character."

CHURCH .- Service at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M., conducted by the pastor, Rev. P. A. PETERSON It is earnestly desired that every member of the church and congregation will be present, ticularly at the Centenary service to be held A. M. Public cordially invited. Scats free. TRINITY METHODIST

CHURCH (corner Twentieth and Broad streets)-Rev. J. WILEY BLEDSOE pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 84 P. M. by the pastor. Young men's prayer-meeting from 3 to 4 P. M.

CLAY-STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH (corner of Adams and Clay streets).—Preaching on SUNDAY MORNING at 11 o'clock and at 8 o'clock P. M. by the pastor. lev. JOSEPH H. RIDDICK. All are cordially in-

PARK-PLACE METHODIST CHURCH.-Services by Rev. J. W. Wonsno (late of England) at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M. FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH (cor-

ner of Twelfth and Broad streets).-Rev. J. B. HAWTHORNE, D. D., paster, will preach on SUN-DAY at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M. Morning subject.
"The Repose of a Godly Life." All welcome. 2t SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH

(corner of Sixth and Main streets),—Rev. W. W. LANDREM, pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M. ou SUNDAY. GRACE-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Grace and Foush Preaching by the pastor, Rev. W. E. HATCHER,

D. D., at 11 o'clock A. M., the occasion being the ninth anniversary of his pastorate. In the afterneon at 3% o'clock the church will hold its annual church meeting, at which time the standing committees of the church will make reoorts of the year's work. The exercises will be in-erspersed with singing and short addresses, and t is expected that it will be a meeting of more an ordinary laterest. There will be no services

at night. ET CLAY-STREET BAPTIST HURCH (corner of Clay and Graham streets) .-Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8% P. M. by the pastor Rev. S. C. CLOPTON.

WEST MAIN-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Main and Beach streets) Preaching SUNDAY by the pastor, Rev. WILLIAM P. M. All are welcome FULTON BAPTIST CHURCH .-

Grace-Street! Baptist church, at 8 P. M. To-All cordially invited. Sunday school SEVENTH-STREET CHRIS-

TIAN CHURCH.-The pastor, Rev. R. C. CAVE, will preach on SUNDAY at 11 A. M. and 8:15 MARSHALL-STREET CHRIS-TIAN CHURCH (between Graham and Hancock

MONUMENTAL CHURCH-Rev. J. G. ARMSTRONG, D. D., Rector.-Services at 11 o'clock A. M. and in chapel at 8 o'clock P. M. Sunday school at 9% A. M.

ETST. JOHN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH (Twenty-fifth and Broad streets)-Rev. LEWIS WILLIAM BURTON, rector. -SUNDAY at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. WEDNESDAY at 8 P. M. Sunday school at 9:15 A. M. All are invited.

ET ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.-Divine rvices at the usual hours-11 A. M. and 8:15 THE REV. JOHN J. CLOPTON eing absent from the city, the Rev. B. T. TUR-

hester, on SUNDAY the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M. EFFIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—No preaching in Mozart Hall on SUN-DAY. Sabbath school at 9:30 A. M.

NER will preach at Meade-Memorial church, Man-

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN.

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (Grace above Shafer)-Rev. PEYTON H. HOGE pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and S P. M. Seats free. Public cordially invited.

No services at night.

METHODIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL SOCIETY .- The regular monthly meeting of the Methodist Sunday-School Society of Richmond and Manchester will be held at Trinity Methodist church SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock. Rev. W. C. SCSAEFFER and Rev. L. A. CUTLER WILL address the meeting. The singing exercises will consist of solos, choruses, &c. All friends of the cause invited to attend.

A. L. WEST, President. Charles P. Rady, Secretary.

REFRIGERATORS. REFRIGERATORS.

I have in stock a full line of

THE TROPICAL AND CLIMAX REFRIGERATORS, to be sold at manufacturers' prices.

E. B. TAYLOR,

SHIRTS, DRAWERS, &c. QOUTHERN STEAM SHIRT MANU-DEACH THERN STEAD SHIFT MANU-DEACHTE BORN THE DEST-COURTED BORN TO THE STEAD OF TH MILITARY NOTICES.

HEAD'QRS "F" COMPANY ASSOCIATION RICHMOND, May 22, 1884. THE SEMI-ANNUAL REUNION OF THIS ASSOCIATION will be held at Wilton, James river, on SATURDAY, 24th instant. Every member is expected to be present, and contributing members of "F" Company an representatives of the press are cordially invite Barges will leave the Old Dominion Steamshi wharf at 8 A. M. and 1:30 P. M. sharp.

By order of President SKINKER, my 25-2t

R. A. BROCK, Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS. RICHMOND THEATRE.

MATINEE 2 P. M. The world-renowned Magician and Humorist, SIGNOR BOSCO, who will appear in his enchanted palace of illu-sions. ONE HUNDRED COSTLY 100 PRESENTS will be given away.

Mattnee admission, 25 and 15 cents. EVENING AT 8% my 24-1t\*

ORGAN RECITAL

AT THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Twelfth and Broad streets),

MR. FREDERICK ARCHER, of London and New York,

TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1884,

by the eminent organist,

SIONARY SOCIETY.

A programme of rare beauty and of great in

Tickets, 50c. For s'le at C. L. SIEGEL'S, 421 Broad street, and at RAMOS & MOSES'.

Recital at 8% P. M. promptly. WIRGINIA BASE-BALL PARK. IRONSIDES, of Lancaster, Pa.,

VIRGINIAS. MAY 22D, 23D, AND 24TH.

VS.

N. B .- The Ironsides at present play all the games fixed for the Monumentals.

The Ironsides have won games thus far from all the Eastern League Clubs they have played. my 22-3t

EXCURSIONS, PIC-NICS, &c.

SEA-SHORE EXCURSION TO-MORROW VIA CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.

PHOEBUS (station for Old Point). Train leaves Chesapeake and Ohio depot every SUNDAY DURING THE SUMMER SEASON at 8 A. M. Arrive Newbort's News 11 A. M., Phoebus 11:30 A. M.; returning, leave Phoebus 3 P. M. Newport's News 3:30 P. M., arrive Richmond 6:30 P. M.

EXCURSION RATES TO

NEWPORT'S NEWS, HAMPTON AND

EXCURSION RATES FROM RICHMOND entering the

FIRST EXCURSION OF THE SEASON.

will leave Richmond SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1884, at 8 e'clock P. M. FOR NORFOLK. touching at Newport's News and Old Point early Sunday morning.

The fast and elegantly-renewed

STEAMER ARIEL

26th instant, for Old Point, Newport's News, &c., arriving at Richmond about 4 P. M.

This is an admirable opportunity to leave the heat and dust of the city and spend Sunday and a part of Monday on salt water. Fare for the round trip, \$1. Tickets good to return Monday, 26th.

Train for Virginia Beach leaves Norfolk at 10 A. M. SUNDAY. my 21-4t L. B. TATUM, Superintendent.

EXCURSION SEASON OPENED. Engagements can now be made by CHURCHES, MILITARY AND, OTHER OR-GANIZATIONS,

GANIZATIONS,
FOR
MOONLIGHT EXCURSIONS
AND
DAY EXCURSIONS to OLD POINT, OCEAN
VIEW, VIRGINIA BEACH,
NORFOLK, &C.,
BY THE
VIRGINIA STEAMBOAT COMPANY'S
clegant fron steamer
"ARIEL"
(now being thoroughly relitted and renewed), at
very low rates—allowing a liberal profit to organizations.
L. B. TATUM, Superintendent,
ap 30-codim 1109 cast Main street.

PARTIES POR EUROPE SHOULD TAKE A BRUNSWICK BERTH,

in use exclusively on the INMAN STEAMSHIP LINE. These berths keep perfectly level under all conditions of weather, affording perfect rest and comfort at night, thus doing away with many of the discomforts of occan travel. INMAN STEAM-SHIP COMPANY (Limited). No. 1 Broadway, New York, or A. W. GARBER, agent, No. 1000 Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS. WINDOWS, BLINDS, AND DOORS, GLASS, COLORS, OILS, TURPENTINE, &c. Stores: 1427 Main street and 210 Broad street my 15-eod1m BINSWANGER & CO. EPILEPSY, FITS, FALLING FITS,

This is no humbug. For information, free harge, write to L. H. SCHUYLER, my 1-cod3m Stratford, Com IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

The RICHMOND STEAM LAUNDRY, 109 north Eighth street, has now the largest line of machinery ever introduced in this city, and we call attention to the very superior manner in which we LAUNDRY WHITE DRESSES, LACES, LACE CURTAINS, &c., &c. Satisfaction ganranteed. Work called for and delivered, and laundried at shortest notice. my 24-31\*

CARPETS, PAPER-HANGINGS, &c. CARPETS, MATTINGS, AND OIL O CLOTHS. FANCY WHITE-AND-RED-CHECK MATTINGS just received of all grades; SHADES, HOLLANDS, CORNICES, and POLES, LACE CURTAINS, RUGS, MATS, &c.; PAPER-HANGINGS of latest styles. Call and examine stock. ap 26-2m 1311 Mate street, Richmond, Va.

FANCY WHITE AND RED-CHECK MATTINGS,

CARPETS,

PAPER-HANGINGS.

Call and examine our spring stock.

BOOK AND JOB WORK NEATLY

GEORGE W. ANDERSON & SONS,

SPECIAL NOTICES.

RTNEW FIRM.

GREAT BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPART-MENT.

PARASOLS. PARASOLS. We invite an inspection of our new stock of PARASOLS, which, at our new prices, are the heapest goods ever shown in this market.

LEVY & DAVIS. 1017 and 1019 Main street.

SILKS, SILKS.

We are now better prepared than ever to give our customers special bargains in SILKS. We call attention to our BLACK SILKS, which we lead with. LEVY & DAVIS, 1017 and 1019 Main street. my 24

WHITE GOODS, WHITE GOODS, FROM THE BIG SALE.

We now show the cheapest stock of WHITE GOODS ever brought to this city. Secure what you can use.

POMPADOUR, ESCURIAL, and BEADED LACES in immense variety. HAMBURG and MUSLIN EDGING and IN-SERTING.

Every kind of LACE now used. LEVY & DAVIS. my 24

1017 and 1019 Main street.

FOR MEN'S WEAR.

STRIPED LINEN DRILL-all grades. CASSIMERE of every description. BROWN DRILL and BUCK very cheap. Our NEW YORK MILLS SHIRT at 75c. is a

regular dollar shirt. Bear in mind we keep a full stock of GENTLE. MEN'S FURNISHINGS LEVY & DAVIS, 1017 and 1019 Main street. my 24

BBR RRR OO TITTH H FEERRR SSS BBR RR OO T H H FE RR SSS BBB RRR OO T H H FE RR SSS BB R ROO T H H FER R SSS A RBB RRR EER A K K II NN N
AA B B R RE AA K K II NN N
AA B B R RE AA K K II NN N
AAA B B R RE EA A K K II NN N
AAA B B B R RE EA AA K K II N N N
AAA B B B R RE EA A K K II N N N
PPP RRR II COO EEE 8<sup>SS</sup>8
PPF RRR II C G E 8<sup>SS</sup>8
PPF RRR II C G E 8<sup>SS</sup>8
PPF RR II C G E 8<sup>SS</sup>8
PPF RR II C G E 8<sup>SS</sup>8
PR R II C G E 8<sup>SS</sup>8
PR R II C G E 8<sup>SS</sup>8
PR R II C G E 8<sup>SS</sup>8

Having secured many large lots of goods from the late sales in the northern cities, we shall offer them to our customers and the public generally at the following low prices:

SILKS.

5 pleces BLACK SILK at 85c. worth \$1.25;
7 pleces BLACK SILK at 10c. worth \$1.40;
7 pleces BLACK SILK at \$1.25 worth \$2;
10 pleces STRIPED SUMMER SILK at 44c.
worth 65c.;
10 pleces STRIPED SUMMER SILK at 54c.
worth 80c.;

orth 80c.; eccs STRIPED SUMMER SILK at 58c. orth 81; worth 81; seces SOLID-COLORED SILK at 70c. worth 10 pieces SOLID-COLORED SL.K at \$1 worth
10 pieces SOLID-COLORED SL.K at \$1 worth

\$1 80;
5 blees STEEL-GRAY SILK at 50c, worth 80c;
25 pleces BROCADED SILA ranging in price
from 75c, 10 \$150;
25 pleces BLACK SILK GRENADINE from 25
to 50c, -been selling from \$1 to \$1.25.
This is postively the cheapest lot of silks and
grenadines ever offered in the city.
DRESS GOODS,
A full line of BLACK DRESS GOODS, such as
Cashmeres, Silk-Warp Henrietta, Bombazines,
Crape Cloths, Albatross, Nun's Veilling, Ac.
Our 40 and 50c, CASHMERE can't be beat;
We offer an ALL-WOOL NUN'S VEILING at
25°; 25°.; 30 pieces of BLACK BUNTING at 16%, well worth 30c.;

100 pi

ai 20c.; 21 pieces of SHEPHERD'S CHECK at 8%c.—beca selling at 125c.:

NEW BRIGHT PLAIDS at 125c.

NEW BRIGHT PLAIDS at 125c.

We show from 200 to 300 pieces DRESS GOODS in all the newest styles at PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

We show 1,500 NEW PARASOLS, ranging from 35c. to \$8.

SYCLE BROTHERS.

ap 23-W,F&Sa 311 Broad street.

es of GRAY GOODS at 10c.—been selling

IJ JOHN C. SHAFER. MERCHANT TAILOR, 1004 MAIN STREET (second door above postoffice), Richmond, Va.

DESTISTS. G. W. JONES, DENTIST. OFFICE: NO. 807 FRANKLIN STREET, BETWEEN EIGHTH AND NINTH.

Elegant rooms; uses best materials; gentle, quick, and thorough work; long experience, and prices reduced. Uses gas and chloroform in extencting teeth.

PIANOS.—WE ARE SELLING
THE "HARRINGTON" PIANOITE FOR THE EXCENDINGLY LOW PRICE OF \$225, including STOOL AND COVER. Every instrument guaranteed perfect in every respect. Also, KRANICH & EACH PIANOS. None

911 Main street. MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, &c. WHITE & POINDEXTER, WHITE & POINDEATER,
PLANING-MILL AND ROX FACTORY,
Manufacturers of MOULDINGS, CORNIG
BRACKETS, HOUSE-TRIMMINGS OF AL
DESCRIPTIONS, ROUND AND SQUAR
WOODEN PACKAGES, Estimates fornished,
FACTORY, Twenty-fourth and Main streets.

[16] 18-28-3m

OLIVE-OIL.

We have sold this OIL for many years past, and its uniform and superfor quality has recommended it to all who have used it.

GOURMET'S OLIVE-OIL.
For sale by druggists and grocers.
PURCELL, LADD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggist LIME, CEMENT, &c. ROSENDALE CEMENT.—CARGO OF FRESH ROSENDALE CEMENT daily expected per schooner J. S. Beacham, for sale low from vessel. Ou hand, ROCKLAND and VIRGINIA LIME, CALCINED PLASTER; ROSENDALE, JAMES RIVER. CURRERLAND, and PORTLAND (IMPORTED) CEMENTS; HAIR, FIRE-BRICK, and CLAY.

WAENER MOORE, Lump and Ground Plaster.

Lump and Ground Plaster, my 20 Seventeenth street, south side of Dock

LAND PLASTER.—MY "STANDARD BRAND" OF LAND PLASTER is ground from the best-selected Nova Scotia Blue Lump. A trial insures its permanent use. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Lump and Ground Plaster. Meat. Feed. &c., 3400 to 3500 Williamsburg avenue, mh 16-3m Richmond. Va.

ORUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Mr. D. H. Barnaby, of Oswego. N.Y.. says that his daughter was taken with a violent cold, which ierminated with Pneumonia, and all the best physicians gave the case up, and said she could live but a few hours at most. She was in this condition when a friend recommended DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and advised her to try it. She accepted it as a last resort, and was surprised to find that it produced a marked change for the better, and by persevering a permanent cure was effected. By \$24-d2t. with

FOR SICE-ROOMS.

CONVENIENT PURIFIER OF SICK-ROOMS 18 BLAIR'S CHLORAL THYMOL PROPHYLAG.

For sale by Druggists. Price 50 cents a bottle

"WLAIR'S CHLORAL THYMOL PROPHY-ACTIC is the best disinfectant that I have ever

Aiwfys on hand a large stock of the LATEST STYLE IMPORTED GOODS.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

better made in the country, and the price very moderate. Send for catalogues. WEST JOHNSTON & CO., Booksellers and Dealers in

GOURMET'S OLIVE-OIL. We have just received from steam

FRESH LOT OF THIS CELEBRATED OLIVE-OIL.

FERTILIZERS.

CURE OF PNEUMONIA.

L ADIES,—Pennyroyal Pills ("Chiches-Full particulurs, 2c. Chichester Chemical Co., 2313 Madison square, Philadelphia. ap 22-Tu.Th.Sa.kSu156t

THE MOST AGREEABLE, EFFECTIVE, AND TIC AND DISINFECTANT